MECHANICS QUESTION BANK FOR BSC STUDENTS

Short answer type (2 - 4 marks each)

- 1) What do you mean by escape velocity? Calculate the value of escape velocity for earth.
- 2) Explain Kepler's law of planetary motion.
- 3) Estimate the mass of sun, assuming the orbit of earth to be a circle. The distance between Sun & Earth is 1.4×10^{11} meters & G = 6.67×10^{11} Nsq.m / kg-2.
- 4) If g is acceleration due to gravity on the earth surface, Calculate the gain in potential energy of an object of mass m raised from surface of earth to a height R equal to radius of earth.
- 5) Compare the rms velocity of oxygen molecules at 27°C with escape velocity from earth surface (K = 1.4×10^{-23} Joule/K)
- 6) If a body of mass m be projected vertically upward from earth surface (radius of earth = R) to reach a height of 10R, how much kinetic energy is given to body?
- 7) What is potential energy of a mass of 1 kg at a distance of 10^{6} km from the center of earth?
- 8) Prove that the gravitational potential at the centre of solid sphere will be 3/2 times the potential at its surface.
- 9) What are central forces? Give some examples of central forces.
- 10) Explain the terms 'gravitational field', 'gravitational attraction' &' gravitational potential'.
- 11) Show that central force is conservative.
- 12) Show that for conservative forces the work done around the closed path is zero.
- 13) Show that conservative force can be expressed as **F** = **grad U** where U is potential energy.
- 14) Prove that curl of conservative force is zero.
- 15) Show that following two forces are conservative: a). $F = (y^2 - x^2) i + 2xyj$ and b). $F = (2xy+z^2) i + x^2j + 2xz$
- 16) What do you mean by work energy theorem? Describe.
- 17) Show that force F=(2xy+yz²) **i** +(x²+ xz²) **j** +2xyz **k** is conservative. Calculate work done by thisforce in moving from (0,1,2) to (5,2,7).
- 18) What do you mean by linear restoring forces?
- 19) Explain law of conservation of total energy.
- 20) Explain gradient of electric potential.
- 21) Define unit vector& null vectors.
- 22) What is solenoidal vector point function?

- 23) What is conservative field?
- 24) Define del operator.
- 25) What is Laplacian Operator?
- 26) Show that vector **î** 2**j** 4**k**, -2**î** +3**j**-4**k** &. -**j** +2**k** are coplanar.
- 27) Prove the following cyclic relation in vector triple

product: $A \times (B \times C) + B \times (C \times A) + C \times (A \times B) = 0$

- 28) If any scalar quantity is given by S = $x^2y + 3y^2z^2 2x^3z^3$. Find Δ^2 S at point (1,2, -1).
- 29) Prove that: grad (u + v) = grad u + grad v.
- 30) Derive an expression for curl of a vector field & give its physical significance.
- 31) A parallelepiped with one vertex at the origin has three adjacent vertices at (10, -5,3) (3, -

4,7)and (-5, -6, -3) in Cartesian coordinates. Calculate it's volume.

- 32) Show that gradient of scalar field is a vector.
- 33) Prove that the vectors A = 2i + 4j + 4k and B = 4i + 2j 4k are perpendicular to each other.
- 34) Prove that curl (grad r) =0.
- 35) Find area of parallelogram determined by vectors (i + 2j +3k) and (3i +2j+k).
- 36) Calculate curl & divergence of: F = 2xi + (5y+9z) j +(-9y)
- 37) If $f(x, y, z) = 3(x^2y y^2x)$, Calculate grad (1, -2, -1).
- 38) Show that f= 2xi +2yj is irrational.
- 39) Show that i-2j+3k, -2i+3j-4k, -j+2k are coplanar.
- 40) Find the constant a, if A = (x+3y)i + (y-2z)j + (x + az)k is solenoidal.
- 41) Show that for a rigid body the angular momentum about the axis of rotation is equal to product of moment of inertia & angular velocity about that axis.
- 42) Two bodies of different masses are moving with the same K.E of translation. Which one has greater momentum. Explain?
- 43) Show that conservation of Linear momentum is equal to Newton's third law.

Long answer type (5 - 10 marks each)

- 1) What are inertial & non inertial frames? Explain with example.
- 2) Under what conditions mechanical energy of a system is conserved What is energy function.
- 3) Explain conservation energy law. Also describe Energy function?
- 4) Find the gravitational attraction due to thin spherical shell at a point (i) external (ii) internalto the shell.
- 5) Describe expressions for the gravitational potential and attraction due to a thin uniformspherical shell at a general point outside as well as inside the shell. Give a graphical representation also.
- 6) Derive expressions for the gravitational potential and attraction due to a solid sphere of uniform density at an (i) external point. (ii) internal point
- 7) What is Kepler's law of planetary motion? Show how Newton's law of gravitation followsfrom them.
- Deduce an expression for gravitational potential& field due to a thin circular coil at a pointon its axis.
- 9) Derive Poisson's equation pf gravitational self-energy.
- 10) Derive an expression for curl of vector field and give its physical significance.
- 11) State & prove Stokes theorem.
- 12) State & prove Green's theorem.
- 13) Verify Stokes theorem for F= x (ix +j y) integrated, round the square in plane z = 0, whose sides are along the lines, x=0, y=0, x=a, y=a.
- 14) State & prove Gauss Divergence theorem.
- 15) Find the vectors whose magnitude is 12 & which is perpendicular to (j -k) and lies in plane3x+3y+z =5.

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